

munist leaders of the Western Hemisphere.

Here is a man who is openly boasting that he and his followers have engaged in guerrilla warfare in the United States, and that he is even organizing more militant guerrilla warriors throughout America.

Here is a man that openly and publicly announces that he and his followers will organize a consciousness which would lead to the assassination of Lyndon B. Johnson, Dean Rusk, and Robert McNamara.

Mr. Speaker, if we are told by our Justice Department that there are insufficient grounds for the American authorities to move effectively against Stokely Carmichael, then I must say there is a sickening weakness in the legal structure of our great Republic.

I say this Nation should move against Stokely Carmichael and if he can, let him exercise his American right of proper defense.

I am not at all persuaded by those who would argue that to prosecute Carmichael would be to make a martyr out of him.

Such thinking is a total capitulation to treachery and perfidy.

Nor, Mr. Speaker, am I persuaded by those who would argue that to try Carmichael would be to incite others to riot.

Such surrender of our responsibility under law and order is to capitulate to mob rule.

I believe that every legal means must be used to stop Carmichael and put him out of existence before we witness another major tragedy such as we saw in Dallas in 1963.

Stokely Carmichael has committed all of those acts which in the eyes of the law make him subject to a trial for treason. The courage of this Republic will be tested by the degree to which we will move against this traitor.

An Associated Press dispatch appearing in yesterday's Washington Star is but one of a whole series of dispatches which have come out of Havana quoting Carmichael as spreading his seeds of treason.

The article follows:

JOHNSON, AIDES THREATENED BY CARMICHAEL
HAVANA (AP).—Stokely Carmichael called yesterday for Negro guerrilla uprisings in U.S. cities and made threats against President Johnson, British Prime Minister Harold Wilson and other high U.S. officials.

Declaring that black power advocates "are moving into urban guerrilla warfare in the United States," the militant Negro agitator told a three-hour news conference:

"We have no alternative but to use aggressive armed violence in order to own the land, houses and stores inside our communities, and to control the politics of those communities."

U.S. REPORTERS BARRED

U.S. reporters were barred from the news conference, but Carmichael's remarks were quoted by Havana Radio, George Ware of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, and Felix Greene, a British citizen reporting for the San Francisco Chronicle.

Carmichael declared that Negro guerrillas "must develop a consciousness so that when people who are struggling get killed, the retaliation will be against the leaders of the West."

"Let us develop a consciousness that when they touch one guerrilla, Lyndon Johnson, Dean Rusk, Robert McNamara and Harold Wilson must pay the price," he said. "We are not waiting for them to kill us. We will move to kill them first or rather, we are working towards that goal."

BANNED FROM BRITAIN

He presumably included Wilson because the Home Office last week banned him from Britain.

"One good thing about the Vietnam war is that the United States has taught us how to kill," Carmichael declared later. "Our brothers returning from Vietnam are going to use that training well in the cities of the United States."

Asked about the role of white people in the Negro struggle, Carmichael replied: "The only whites we can use in our struggle are those who are ready to pick up guns with us to destroy the capitalist system."

Asked about the possibility that he might be assassinated, Carmichael said the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency has international license to kill and if the CIA continues to assassinate fighters and guerrillas, vengeance must be taken against Western leaders.

"SOME WILL BE KILLED"

"We are developing an international structure to combat the CIA," he said. "While developing that structure, some of us will be killed. It is important for our people around the world to know that if we are killed, no matter what type of death, the CIA has committed it, that the CIA is responsible."

The State Department is making preparations to revoke the passport of Carmichael who came to Havana for the Communist-dominated congress of the Organization of Latin American Solidarity. The Justice Department is also investigating the activities of the 26-year-old militant, a native of Trinidad who was raised in New York's Harlem and the Bronx and is a naturalized U.S. citizen.

Frank Commentary on Causes and Cures for Riots

EXTENSION OF REMARKS OF

HON. EDWARD J. DERWINSKI
OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, August 3, 1967

Mr. DERWINSKI. Mr. Speaker, much has been said and will be said about the causes and cures for the riots sweeping the country. Too many of the comments I have read were not the frank and blunt commentary I believe is needed and would be appreciated by the public.

A very frank commentary, however, appeared in a column in the Polish American, written by its editor, Joseph Bialasiewicz, who incidentally is also active in the Democrat Party's nationalities campaigns in Cook County, Ill. While I do not concur with all of the points expressed in this column I believe it to be one of the most direct and practical articles that has come to my attention. The article follows:

Press reports concerning the latest racial outbreaks in various sections of the country contain some odd and curious linguistic terms—"uprising", "revolution", "upheaval"—which do not reflect the true meaning of

what is actually taking place. Let us quote some more accurate press informations:

"Michigan: Negro outlaws engage federal paratroopers, national guardsmen and police in guerrilla combat"

"... an outbreak by roving bands of Negro youths who spread destruction over wide area of a business district and fanned out in residential areas. The rocktossing Negroes broke several hundred windows, set 11 fires and looted several establishments" (Grand Rapids, Mich.)

"... a night of fire-bombing, looting, sniping, and brick and bottle flinging that left two Negroes shot to death... the city's largest gun store was broken into and looters escaped with seven shotguns and undetermined amount of ammunition" (Rochester, N.Y.)

"... Negroes burned two blocks of their ghetto area, including homes, businesses, a church and a school and exchanged gunfire with police" (Cambridge, Md.)

"Roving bands of Negro youths stoned cars and stores and burglarized some stores." (Flint, Mich.)

And now let us ask what all this has to do with the civil rights aspirations of the colored population.

The President stated quite explicitly in his TV broadcast to the nation:

"Pillage, looting, murder and arson have nothing to do with civil rights. They are criminal conduct..."

"We will not tolerate lawlessness. We will not endure violence. It matters not by whom it is done or under what slogan or banner. It will not be tolerated. This nation will do whatever is necessary to suppress and punish those who engage in it."

It would not be enough to state the facts about the latest disturbances and it would be also insufficient to condemn the instigators and their followers. There is an urgent need for the re-evaluation of the moral and ethical standards of the people who are creating these unwarranted and senseless conditions in our cities, damaging not only the image of the country and at the same time undermining their own cause but they are also disregarding the rights and privileges of other citizens.

The Republican opposition in Congress unfortunately undertook efforts to gain some political advantages of the existing chaos in big cities which might result in a distortion of the real essence of what is generally called a "hot summer."

There is no place for any partisan approach during this crisis because both political parties have the same public responsibility. If the Republican Coordinating Committee charges that "the President has totally failed to recognize the problem" then it should be stressed that numerous administration projects did not receive Republican support in Congress. Also one should not forget that the racial situation did not suddenly become the problem under the Democratic President but that it existed during previous administration under the Republican President, although it did not gain the urgent proportion of national crises.

When Republicans are accusing their political opponents, it might be judged as the opening salvo of the next year's presidential campaign, on the other hand, the Democrats are answering correctly, as speaker McCormack commented, that "those who today speak plausibly of anarchy in the streets have not hesitated to strike down some of the most progressive laws aimed at these problems."

The urgency of the Negro problem in this country calls for action based on realities and not on political maneuvering. Emotional approaches should be avoided because the futility of emotionalism, so much in evidence among the Negroes, brought about enough destructive and evil consequences.